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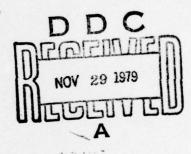


THEORETICAL ANALYSIS OF THE FLOW FIELD OVER A FAMILY OF OGIVE BODIES YOLUME IL

OGIVE BODIES YOLUME II

R. L. Richardson
B. Z. Jenkins
Technology Laboratory







U.S. ARMY MISSILE COMMAND
Redstone Arsenal, Alabama 35809

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REPORT NUMBER	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
T-CR-77-5		
. TITLE (and Substitle)		S. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
THEORETICAL ANALYSIS OF THE FLOW FIELD OVER A FAMILY OF OGIVE BODIES- VOLUME II		Technical Report
		4. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
VOLUMA 11		E. PERFORMING ONG. REPORT HUMBER
. AUTHOR(a)		S. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(-)
R.L. Richardson B.Z. Jenkins		
b.Z. Jenkins		
PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
Commander US Army Missile Command		DA
US Army Missile Comend ATTN: DRSMI-TDK (R&D)		AMCHS
Redstone Arsenal, Alabama 35809 1. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS		12. REPORT DATE
Commander		20 August 1979
US Army Missile Command ATTN: DRSMI-TI (R&D)		13. NUMBER OF PAGES
Redstone Arsenal, Alabama 35809 4. MONITORING AGENCY HAME & ADDRESS(II different		57
4. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II differen	nt from Controlling Office)	18. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
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		ISA. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING
Approved for public release; dis	stribution unlimi	ted.
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Local normal force distributions are presented for pointed tangent ogive bodies and spherically blunted tangent ogive bodies at free stream Mach numbers of 2 to 4.5 at 20 angle-of-attack. Also, total or integrated values of normal force coefficients, pitching moment coefficients, and centers of pressure are given for all body shapes as a function of free stream Mach number for the same angle of attack. These data were obtained using the US Army Missile Command three-dimensional method of characteristics computer code. This volume is intended as a second volume to MIRADCOM technical

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1. INTRODUCTION.

Reference 1 presents drag, surface pressure distribution, and surface Mach number distribution for a family of spherically blunted ogive forebodies for a range of fineness ratios and bluntnesses (including the sharp pointed bodies). Reference 1 also describes the analytical methods used to calculate the data. This report presents further data from the same analytical data base. Specifically, local normal force, total normal force coefficient, total pitching moment coefficient, and center of pressure are given for the supersonic ($M_{\infty} = 2$ to 4.5) angle of attack ($\alpha = 2^{\circ}$) cases.

Table 1 lists the configuration parameters for the forebodies included herein. (Reference 1 contained an additional body not included here.) Bluntness ratio is defined as the ratio of the radius of the nose sphere to the radius of the forebody base; fineness ratio as the ratio of the (truncated) length of the forebody to its diameter.

This report is limited to those supersonic cases for which the MICOM Three Dimensional Method of Characteristics Program can be applied providing accurate angle of attack data. Note that under these conditions there is no influence on the forebody flow from the afterbody.

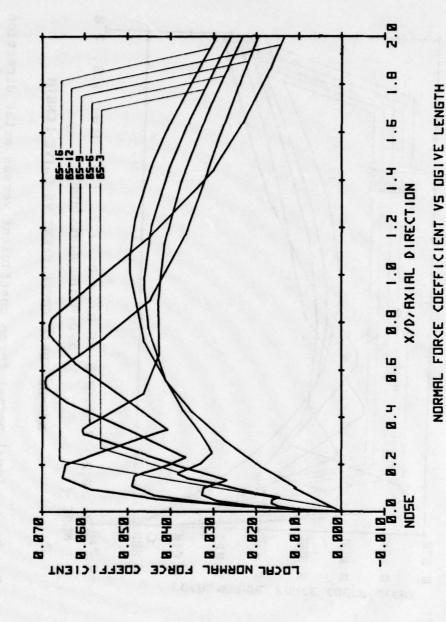
2. DISCUSSION.

Local normal force coefficient, $dC_N/d(x/D)$, is presented in Figures 1 through 19. The hemispherical forebody (#13) is shown in Figure 19 for all free stream Mach numbers on a sliding origin graph for compactness.

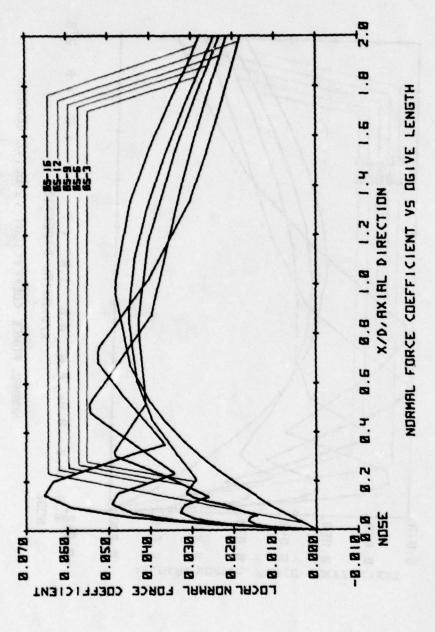
Figures 20 through 34 depict integrated values of normal force, moment coefficient, and center of pressure as they vary with free stream Mach number for body shapes 1 through 13. The values of center of pressure are CM/CN. The radial displacement of the center of pressure has been calculated but is sufficiently small at two degrees angle of attack that inclusion in this report is not worthwhile. Figures 35 through 37 show similar data for the pointed forebodies. The values calculated using non-linear slender body potential theory for $M_{\infty} = 1$ also are indicated on these plots. This program is discussed in the original volume (Reference 1) and Reference 4.

TABLE I. LIST OF BODY SHAPES

BODY SHAPE	BLUNTNESS RATIO	FITNESS RATIO	R _N
Traingues :	.2	4	.1
2	.2	340 3	.1
3	.2	2	.1
4	.4	4 100 100	.2
5 5	.4 .00 1	3 1	.2
6	.4 horse	2	.2
7	.6	4	.3
8	.6	3	.3
9	.6	2	.3
10	.8 0000	4	.4
11	.8	3 14 (14)	.4
12	.8	2	.4
13	1.0	.5	.4
14	0	4	0
15	0	3	Ö
16	0	2	0

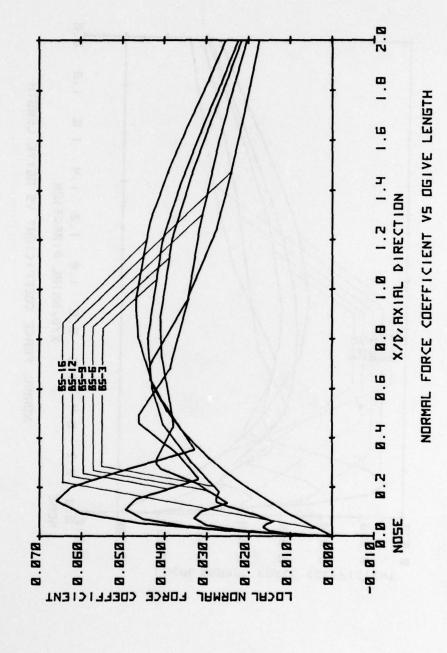


Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 3, 6, 9, 12, 16; M = 2; L/D = 2) at α = 2. Figure 1.

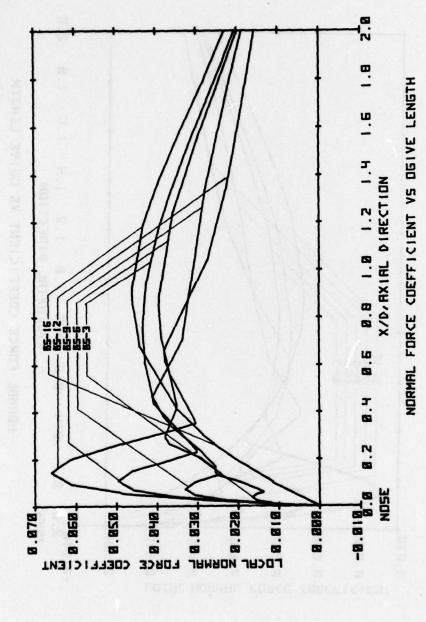


Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS 3, 6, 9, 12, 16; M = 2.5; L/D = 2) at α = 2. Figure 2.

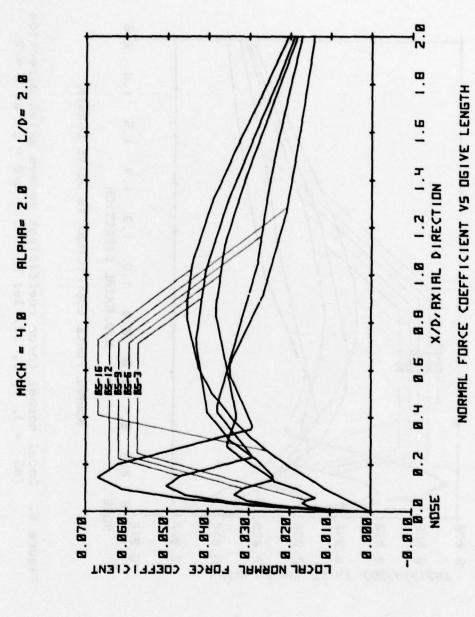




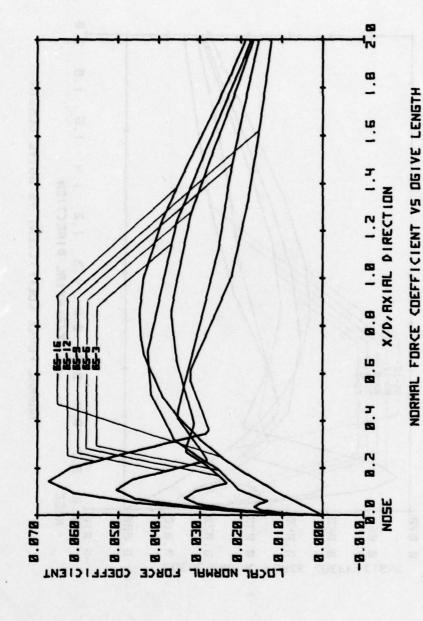
Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 3, 6, 9, 12, 16; M = 3; L/D = 2) at α = 2. Figure 3.



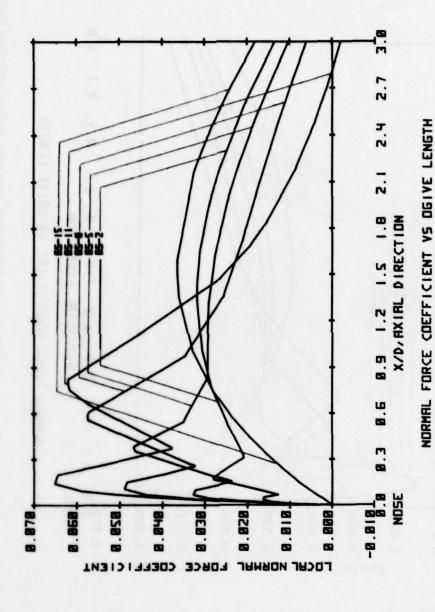
Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 3, 6, 9, 12, 16; M = 3.5; L/D = 2) at α = 2. Figure 4.



Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 3, 6, 9, 12, 16; M = 4; L/D = 2) at $\alpha = 2$. Figure 5.

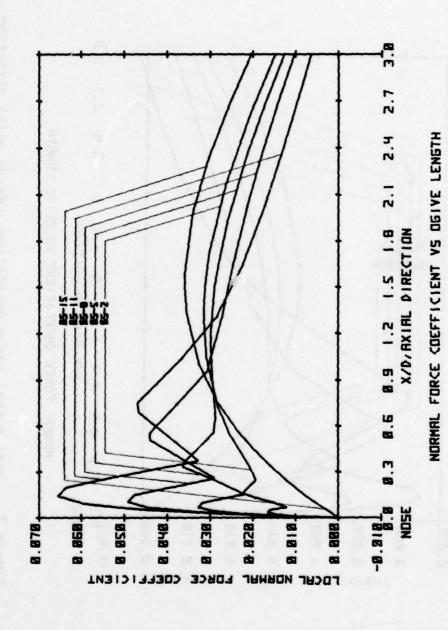


Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 3, 6, 9, 12, 16; M = 4.5; L/D = 2) at α = 2. Figure 6.



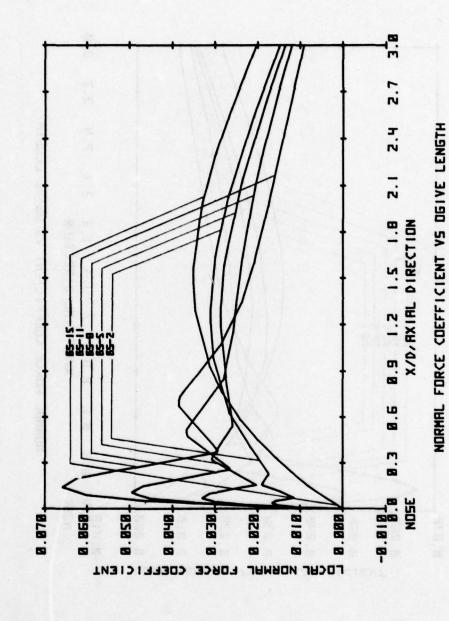
Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 2, 5, 8, 11, 15; M = 2; L/D = 3) at α = 2. Figure 7.



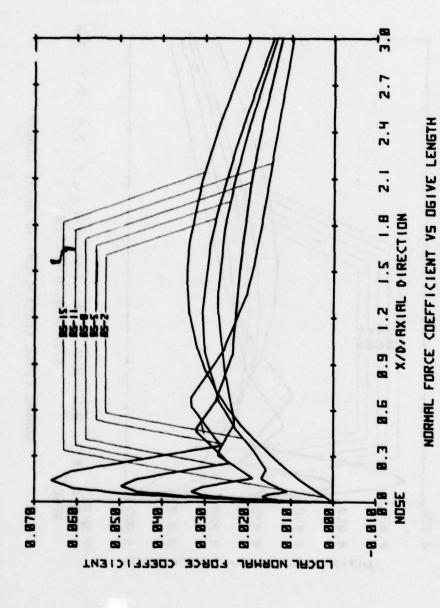


Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 2, 5, 8, 11, 15; M = 2.5; L/D = 3) at α = 2. Figure 8.



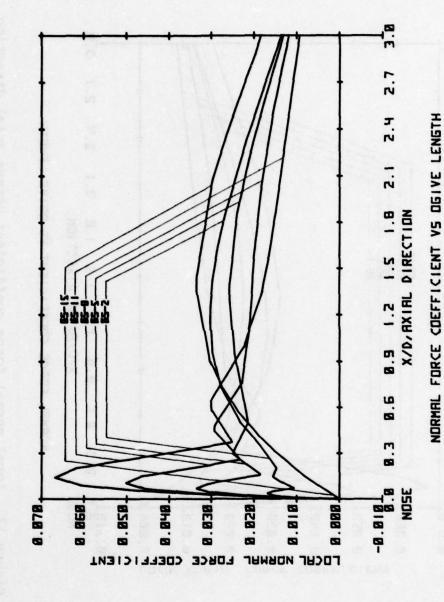


Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 2, 5, 8, 11, 15; M = 3; L/D = 3) at α = 2. Figure 9.

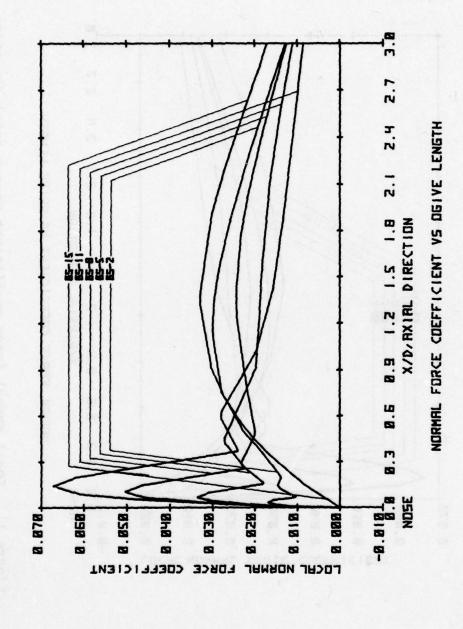


Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 2, 5, 8, 11, 15; M = 3.5; L/D = 3) at α = 2. Figure 10.

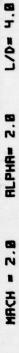


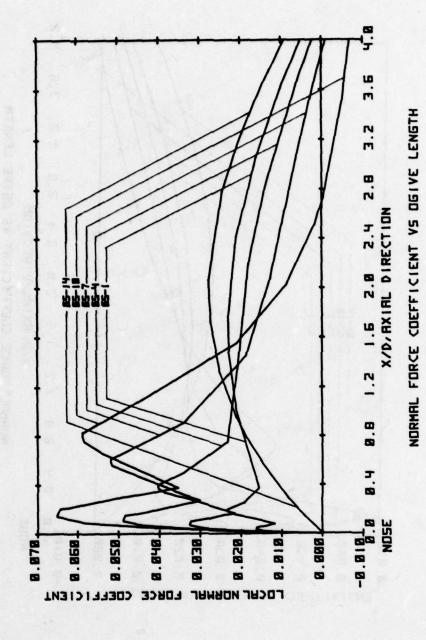


Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 2, 5, 8, 11, 15; M = 4; L/D = 3) at α = 2. Figure 11.



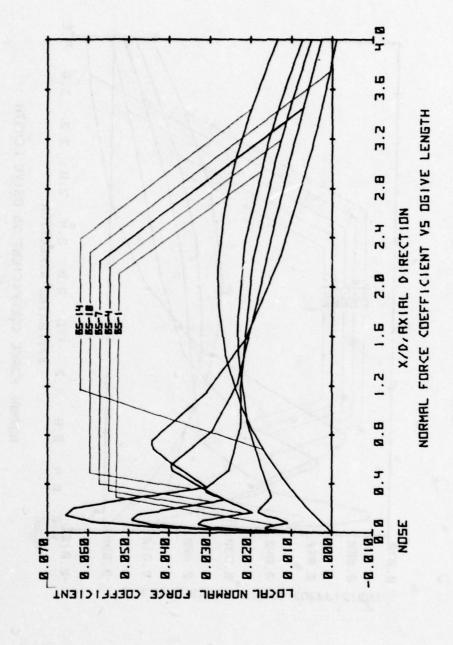
Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 2, 5, 8, 11, 15; M = 4.5; L/D = 3) at α = 2. Figure 12.





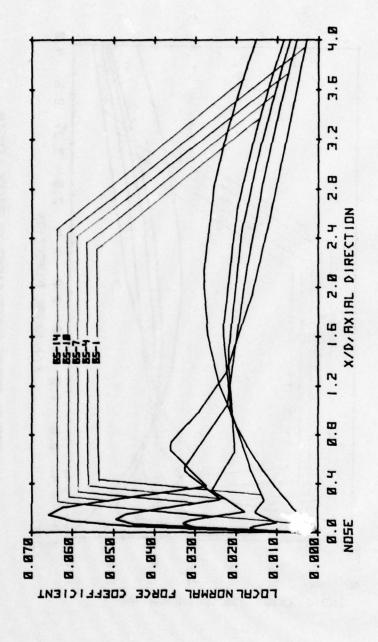
Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS= 1, 4, 7, 10, 14; M = 2; L/D = 4) at α = 2. Figure 13.





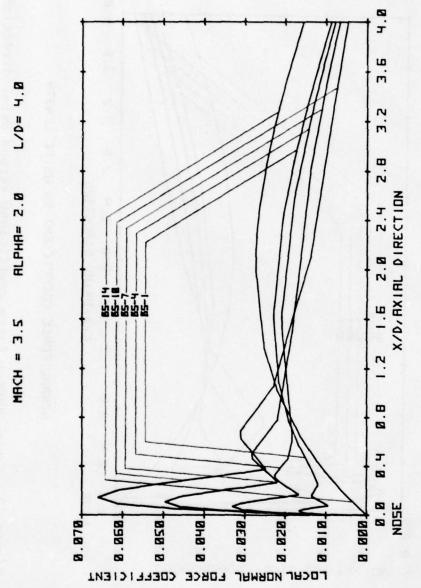
Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 1, 4, 7, 10, 14; M = 2.5; L/D = 4) at α = 2. Figure 14.





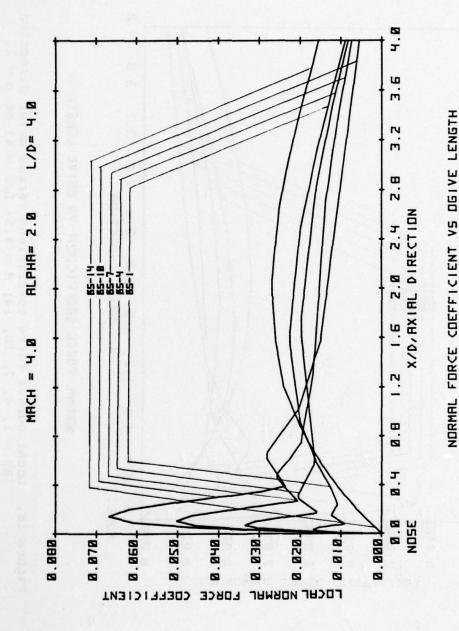
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Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 1, 4, 7, 10, 14; M = 3; L/D = 4) at α = 2. Figure 15.

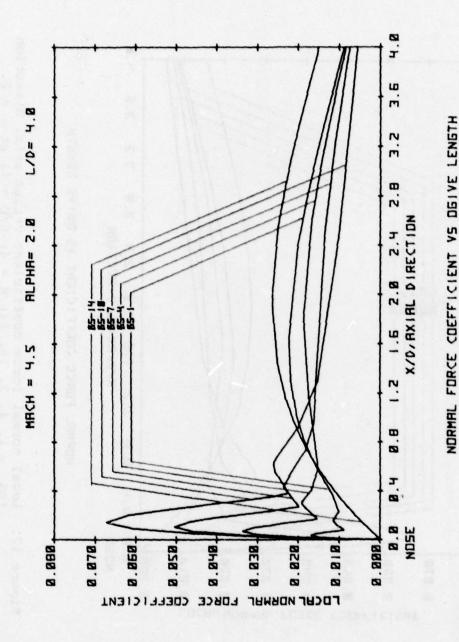


Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 1, 4, 7, 10, 14; M = 3.5; L/D = 4) at α = 2. Figure 16.

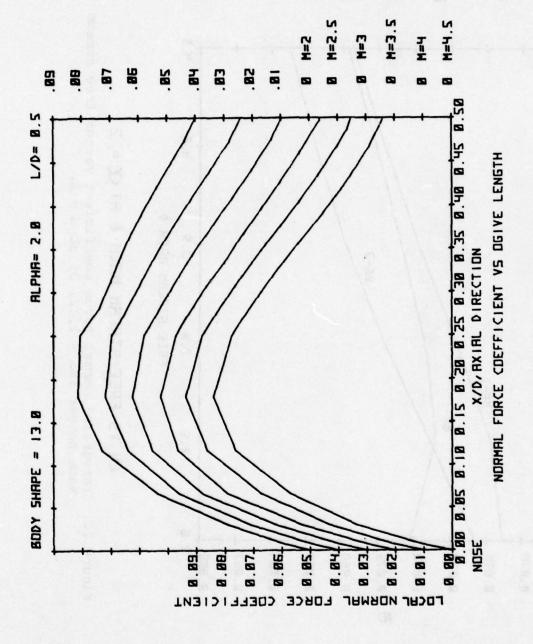
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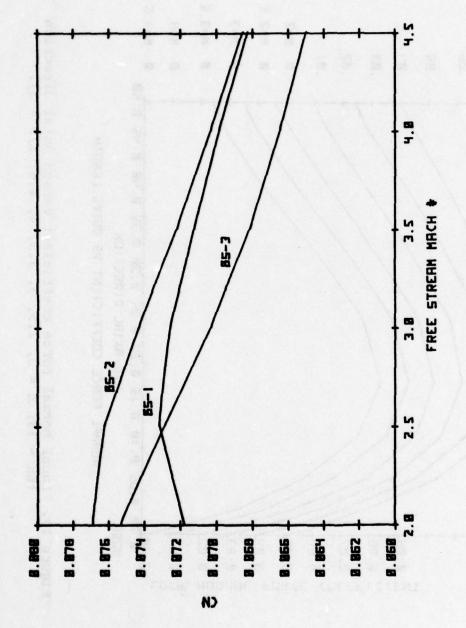
Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 1, 4, 7, 10, 14; M = 4; L/D = 4) at α = 2. Figure 17.



Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 1, 4, 7, 10, 14; M = 4.5; L/D = 4) at α = 2. Figure 18.

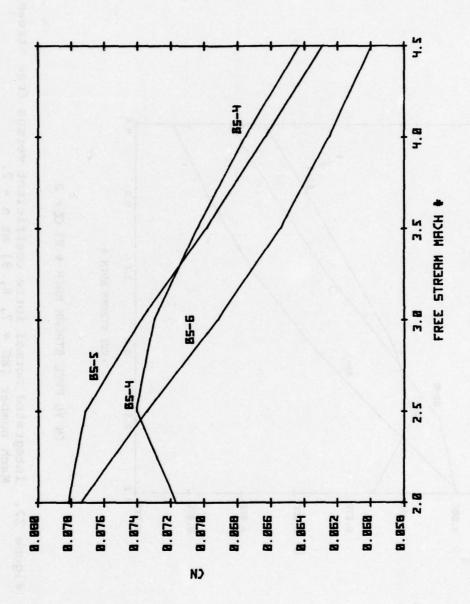


Local normal force coefficient versus axial direction (BS = 13; M = 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 4.5; L/D = 5). Figure 19.



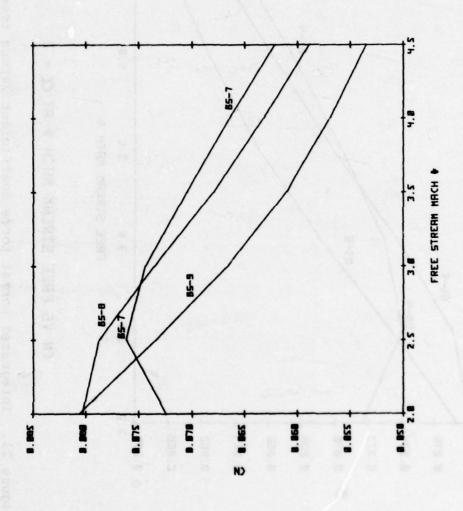
KN VS FREE STREAM MACH # AT CL = 2

Integrated normal force coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 1, 2, 3) at α = 2. Figure 20.



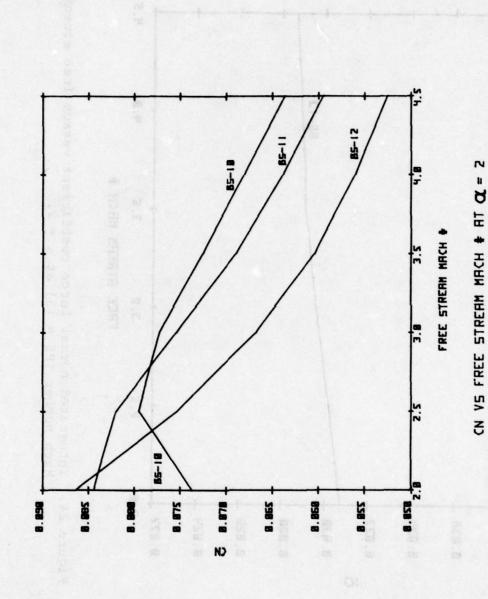
CN VS FREE STREAM MACH # RT CL = 2

Integrated normal force coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 4, 5, 6) at α = 2. Figure 21.

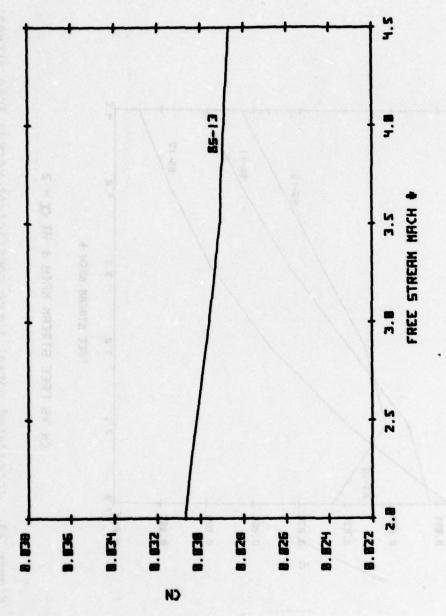


CN VS FREE STREAM MACH # AT CL = 2

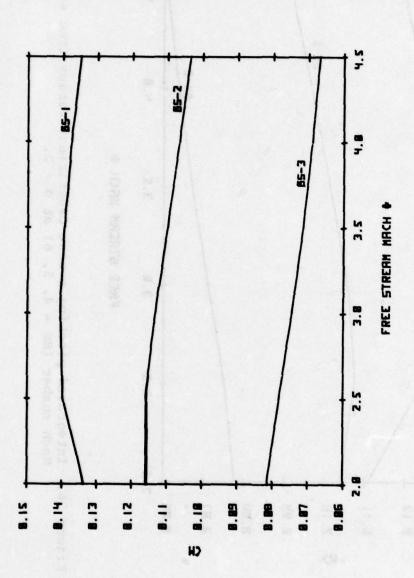
Integrated normal force coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 7, 8, 9) at α = 2. Figure 22.



Integrated normal force coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 10, 11, 12) at α = 2. Figure 23.

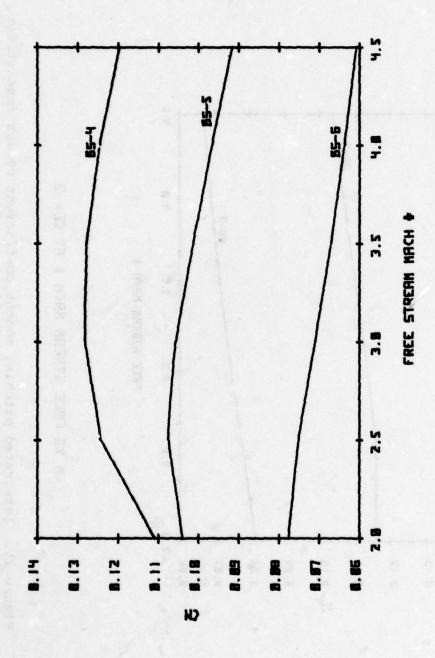


Integrated normal force coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 13) at $\alpha\,=\,2$. Figure 24.

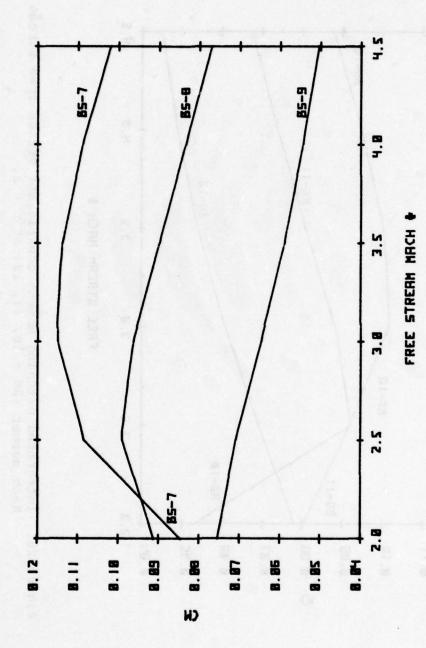


CM VS FREE STREAM MACH # RT CL = 2.

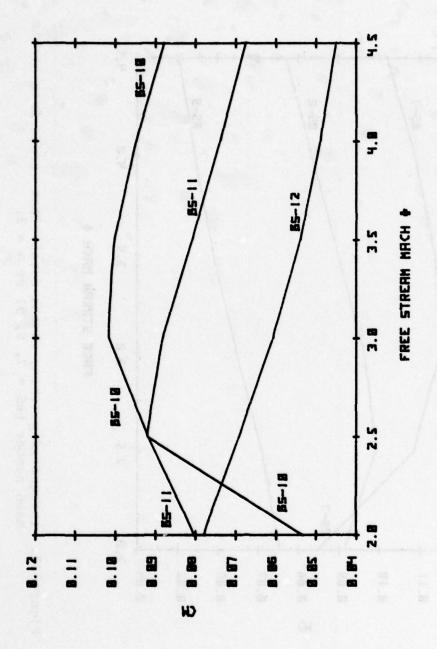
Integrated pitching moment coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 1, 2, 3) at α = 2. Figure 25.



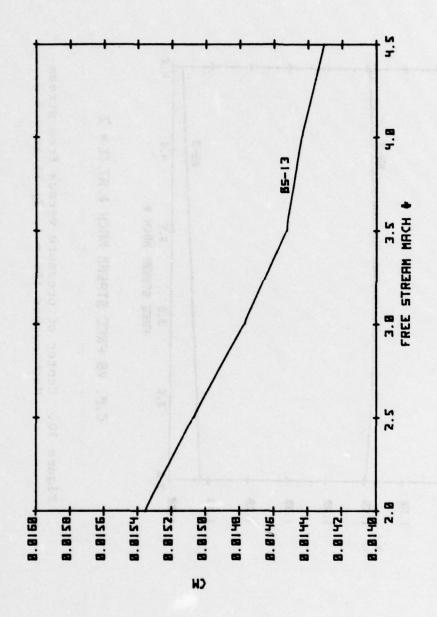
Integrated pitching moment coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 4, 5, 6) at α = 2. Figure 26.



Integrated pitching moment coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 7, 8, 9) at α = 2. Figure 27.

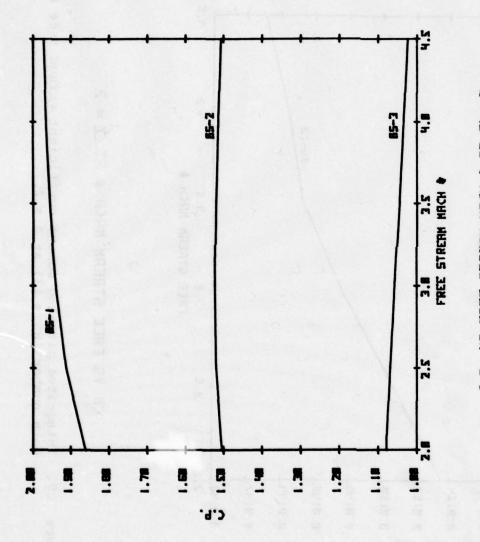


Integrated pitching moment coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 10, 11, 12) at α = 2. Figure 28.



CM VS FREE STREAM MACH # AT CL = 2

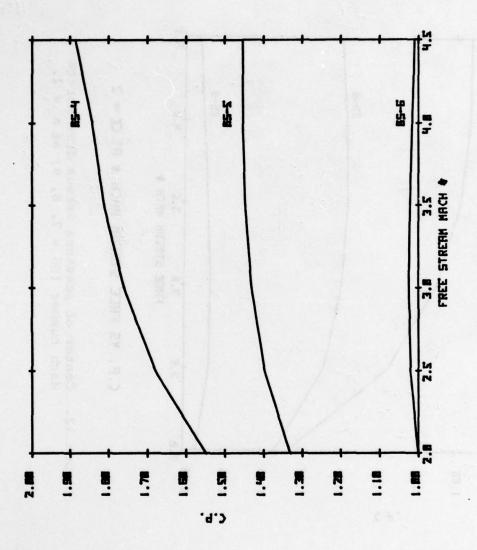
Integrated pitching moment coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 13) at α = 2. 29.



C.P. VS FREE STREAM MACH # AT CL = 2

Center of pressure versus free stream Mach number (BS = 1, 2, 3) at α = 2.

Figure 30.



C.P. VS FREE STRE'N MACH # BT C = 2

Figure 31. Center of pressure versus free stream Mach number (BS = 4, 5, 6) at α = 2.

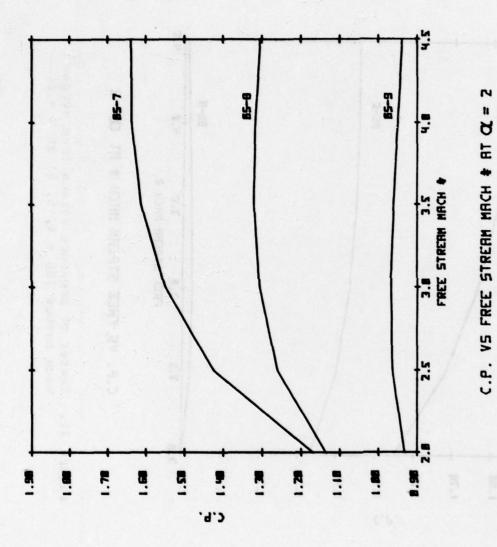
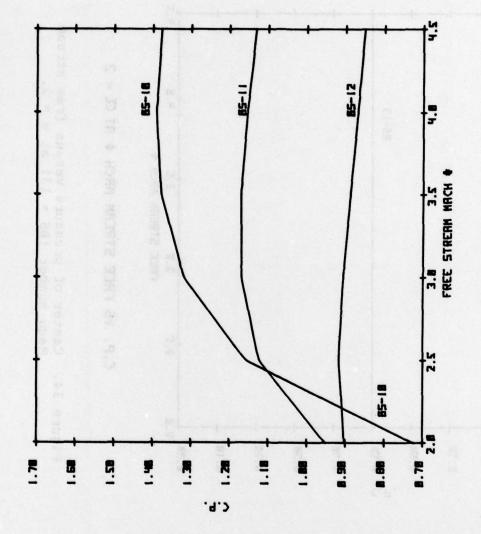
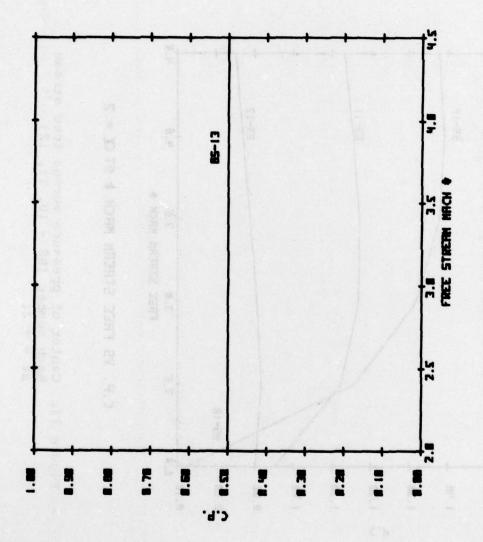


Figure 32. Center of pressure versus free stream Mach number (BS = 7, 8, 9) at α = 2.



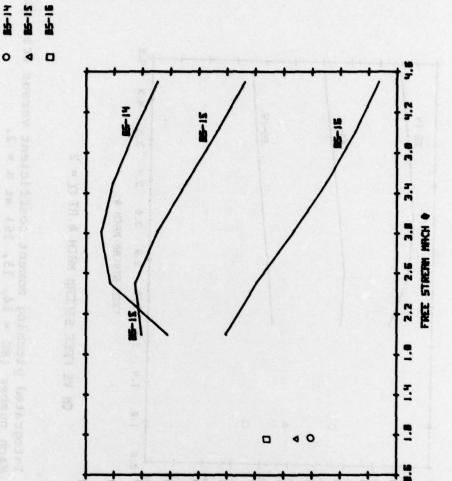
C.P. VS FREE STREAM MACH # RT CL = 2

Figure 33. Center of pressure versus free stream Mach number (BS = 10, 11, 12) at α = 2.



C.P. VS FREE STREAM MACH # AT CL = 2

Figure 34. Center of pressure versus free stream Mach number (BS = 13) at α = 2.

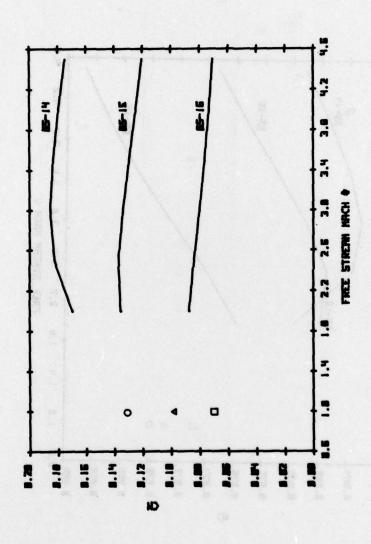


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CN VS FREE STREBH MACH # RT CZ = 2

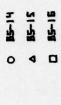
Integrated normal force coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 14, 15, 16) at α = 2. Figure 35.

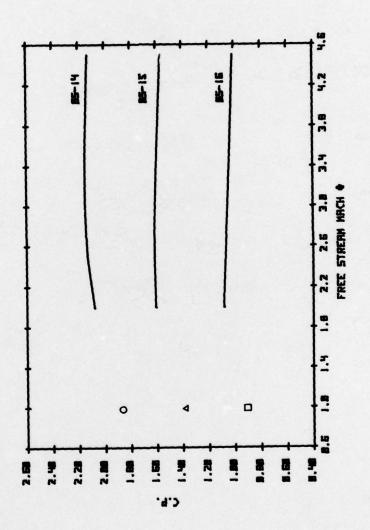




CH VS FREE STREAM MACH + AT CL = Z

Integrated pitching moment coefficient versus free stream Mach number (BS = 14, 15, 16) at α = 2. Figure 36.





C.P. VS FREE STREAM MACH # RT CL = Z

Figure 37. Center of pressure versus free stream Mach number (BS = 14, 15, 16) at α = 2.

REFERENCES

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SYMBOLS

α	Alpha-Angle of attack
BS	Body shape (see <u>Table I</u>)
CM	Pitching moment coefficient about the nose
CN	Normal force coefficient
C.P.	Center of pressure - non dimensionalized with respect to D
D	Diameter of forebody at the base
L	Forebody length
L/D	Fineness ratio
M or M∞	Free stream Mach number
X/D	Axial direction (non-dimensional)
R _N	Nose radius/D (non-dimensional)



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